

then collinear

## distance from a point to line

in space

$$d = \frac{|P_1Q \times B|}{|B|}$$

Distance from a point to plane

$$d = \frac{|P_1Q \cdot n|}{|n|}$$

$$\hat{n} = \frac{Ai + Bj + Ck}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + C^2}}$$

Angle b/w two plane

$$\cos \theta = \frac{n_1 \cdot n_2}{|n_1| |n_2|}$$

angle b/w line and plane

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{n \cdot B}{|n| |B|} \right)$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{2} - \phi = \frac{\pi}{2} - \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{n \cdot B}{|n| |B|} \right) = \sin^{-1} \left( \frac{n \cdot B}{|n| |B|} \right)$$

vector eq of sphere

$$(x-x_0)^2 + (y-y_0)^2 + (z-z_0)^2 = a^2$$

$$|r| = a$$

$$C = (-c, h, -k)$$

vector equation of plane pass through

3 points

$$P_1P_2 \times P_1P_3 = 0$$

Regular hexagon

$$AB + AC + AD + AE + AF = 3AD$$

